

PHILLYCLAD 501 TILE RED RESIN

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1. CHEMICAL PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

Chemical family Epoxy resin

General information: This information applies to the resin component of the two-part kit; handle freshly-mixed resin and hardener as recommended for the hardener. After curing, the product is not hazardous.

MANUFACTURER

ITW Philadelphia Resins
130 Commerce Dr.
Montgomeryville, PA 18936

EMERGENCY INFORMATION

Emergency telephone number
(CHEMTREC) **(800) 424-9300**
Other calls: **(215) 855-8450**

2. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

HAZARDOUS CONSTITUENTS			Exposure limits			
Constituent	Abbr.	CAS No.	Weight percent	ACGIH TLV	OSHA PEL	Other Limits
Carbonic Ester		TRADE SECRET	1-5	n/e	n/e	n/e
Crystalline silica		14808607	10-20	0.05 mg/m ³	10/(% Q+2) mg/m ³	0.1 (Canada) 3
Bisphenol A diglycidyl ether resin	DGEB PA	25068386	> 20	n/e	n/e	n/e
Cyclic Ester		TRADE SECRET	1-5	n/e	n/e	n/e

"TLV" means the Threshold Limit Value exposure (eight-hour, time-weighted average, unless otherwise noted) as established by the American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists. "STEL" indicates a short-term exposure limit. "PEL" indicates the OSHA Permissible Exposure Limit. "n/e" indicates that no exposure limit has been established. An asterisk (*) indicates a substance whose identity is a trade secret of our supplier and unknown to us.

3. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION**Emergency Overview**

Appearance, physical form, odor: viscous liquid with little odor.

CAUTION! Eye and skin irritant (evidenced by itching, redness). Potential skin sensitizer. Avoid contact with eyes. Avoid prolonged or repeated skin contact. Do not take internally. Wash thoroughly after handling.

Potential health effects:**Primary routes of exposure:**

Skin contact Skin absorption Eye contact Inhalation Ingestion

Symptoms of acute overexposure:**Skin:**

Moderate irritant. Contact at elevated temperatures can cause thermal burns. May cause skin sensitization (rashes, hives).

Eyes:

Moderate to severe irritant. Contact at elevated temperatures can cause thermal burns.

Inhalation:

The low vapor pressure of the resin makes inhalation unlikely in normal use.

Ingestion:

Acute oral toxicity is low. May cause gastric distress. Large oral doses may produce moderate depression and slight difficulty breathing.

Effects of chronic overexposure:

Prolonged or repeated skin contact may cause sensitization, with itching, swelling, or rashes on later exposure. Studies have shown bisphenol A diglycidyl ether resin to be a sensitizing agent causing allergic contact dermatitis.

Medical conditions which may be aggravated by exposure:

Preexisting eye and skin disorders. Development of preexisting skin or lung allergy symptoms may increase.

Carcinogenicity -- OSHA regulated: No **ACGIH:** No **National Toxicology Program:** Yes

International Agency for Research on Cancer: Yes

Cancer-suspect constituent(s): Respirable crystalline silica

Other effects:

Over exposure to "cyclic ester" is expected to cause symptoms of Central Nervous System depression. Also see section 11.

4. FIRST AID MEASURES**First aid for eyes:**

Flush eye with clean water for at least 15 minutes while gently holding eyelids open. Get immediate medical attention.

First aid for skin:

Immediately remove contaminated clothing and excess contaminant. Flush skin with water. Wash thoroughly with soap and warm water. Consult a physician if irritation develops.

First aid for inhalation:

Remove patient to fresh air. Administer oxygen if breathing is difficult. Get medical attention if symptoms persist.

First aid for ingestion:

Do NOT induce vomiting. Give two glasses of water to dilute if patient is conscious. Get medical attention.

Note to physician:

In general, emesis induction is unnecessary in high viscosity, low volatility products, e.g., neat epoxy resins.

5. FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

Extinguishing media:

Water

Carbon dioxide

Dry chemical

Foam

Alcohol foam

Flash Point (°F): >400**Method:** PMCC**Explosive limits in air -- Lower:** n/d**Upper:** n/d**Special firefighting procedures:**

Material will not burn unless preheated. Do not enter confined space without full bunker gear. Firefighters should wear self-contained breathing apparatus and protective clothing. Cool fire exposed containers with water.

Unusual fire and explosion hazards:

Heat may rupture closed containers. Heating above 300 deg F in the presence of air may cause slow oxidative decomposition and above 500 deg F may cause polymerization. Vapors are heavier than air and may travel along floor to an ignition source.

Hazardous products of combustion:

When heated to decomposition it emits fumes of Cl⁻, carbon monoxide, other fumes and vapors varying in composition and toxicity.

6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Spill control:

Avoid personal contact. Eliminate ignition sources. Ventilate area.

Containment:

Dike, contain and absorb with clay, sand or other suitable material.

Cleanup:

For large spills, pump to storage/salvage vessels. Soak up residue with an absorbent such as clay, sand, or other suitable material and dispose of properly. Flush area with water to remove trace residue.

Special procedures:

Prevent spill from entering drainage/sewer systems, waterways, and surface waters.

7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Handling precautions:

Avoid contact with skin, eyes, or clothing. Wash thoroughly with soap and water after using and particularly before eating, drinking, smoking, applying cosmetics, or using toilet facilities. Launder contaminated clothing and protective gear before reuse. Discard contaminated leather articles. Handle mixed resin and hardener in accordance with the potential hazard of the curing agent used. Provide appropriate ventilation/respiratory protection against decomposition products (see Section 10) during welding/flame cutting operations and to protect against nuisance dust during sanding/grinding of cured product.

Storage precautions:

Store in a cool, dry area away from high temperatures and flames.

8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION**Engineering controls****Ventilation:**

Local exhaust ventilation is preferred although good general mechanical ventilation is usually adequate for most industrial applications. Also use process enclosures or other engineering controls to maintain airborne levels below recommended exposure limits.

Other engineering controls:

Have emergency shower and eye wash available.

Personal protective equipment**Eye and face protection:**

Safety glasses with side shields or splash goggles.

Skin Protection:

Chemical-resistant gloves and other gear as required to prevent skin contact.

Respiratory protection:

None required at normal handling temperatures and conditions. Use NIOSH approved organic vapor cartridges for uncured resin and dust/particle respirators during grinding/sanding operations of cured resin as exposure levels dictate.

9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Specific gravity:	1.1-1.3	Boiling point (°F):	>400
Melting point (°F):	n/d	Vapor density (air = 1):	>1
Vapor pressure (mmHg):	n/d	at 171 °F	Evaporation rate (butyl acetate = 1): <<1
VOC (grams/liter):	0	Solubility in water:	Negligible
Percent volatile by volume:	0	pH (5% solution or slurry in water):	neutral
Percent solids by weight:	100		0

10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

This product is chemically stable.

Hazardous polymerization will not occur.

Conditions to avoid:

Open flame and extreme heat, oxidizing conditions.

Incompatible materials:

Strong Lewis or mineral acids, strong oxidizing agents, strong mineral and organic bases (especially primary and secondary aliphatic amines).

Hazardous decomposition products:

Oxides of carbon; aldehydes, acids and other organic substances may be formed during combustion or elevated temperature (>500 deg F) degradation.

Conditions of hazardous polymerization:

Heat is generated when resin is mixed with curing agents; Run-a-way cure reactions may char and decompose the resin, generating unidentified fumes and vapors which may be toxic.

11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION**Acute oral effects:**

LD50 (rat): Not available.

Changes in neurotransmitter levels has been reported in experimental animals dosed orally or by injection with "cyclic ester" component.

Acute inhalation effects:

LC50 (rat): Not available. in 8 hours

Carbon black (1 hr, rat) LC50 = 27,000 mg/m³

Subchronic effects

No data available.

Acute dermal effects

LD50 (rabbit): Not available.

Eye irritation:

Not available.

Chronic effects

2-year bioassays in mice exposed by the dermal route to EPON 828, DGEBA, or other commercial resins yielded limited evidence of weak carcinogenicity. The authors concluded that the renal tumor evidence with EPON 828 "was of no biological significance" and that the resin "is not a systemic carcinogen when applied to the dorsal skin of CF1 mice."

Carcinogenicity, teratogenicity, and mutagenicity:

Both the resin and the diglycidyl ether of bisphenol A (a component of this product) have proved to be inactive when tested by In Vivo mutagenicity assays. Both have shown activity by In Vitro microbial mutagenicity screening and have produced chromosomal aberrations in cultured rat liver cells. Carbon black has been shown to have In Vivo mutagenic effects on rat lung cells.

Toxicological information on hazardous chemical constituents of this product:

Constituent	Oral LD50 (rat)	Dermal LD50 (rabbit)	Inhalation LC50 (rat, 4 hours)
Carbonic Ester	29100 uL/kg	>20 mL/kg	n/d
Crystalline silica	n/d	n/d	n/d
Bisphenol A diglycidyl ether resin	11.4 g/kg	>20 ml/kg	no deaths
Cyclic Ester	> 500 mg/kg	n/d	> 2.5 g/m ³

12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION**Ecotoxicity:**

No data available.

Mobility and persistence:

No data available.

Environmental fate:

No data available.

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS**Waste management recommendations:**

If this resin becomes a waste, it would not be a hazardous waste by RCRA criteria (40CFR 261). Dispose of according to applicable federal, state, and local regulations.

14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION**Proper shipping name:** Non-regulated**Technical name:** N/A**Hazard class:** N/A**UN number:** N/A**Packing group:** N/A**IMDG Page no.:** N/A**Emergency Response Guide no.:** N/A**Other:** N/A**15. REGULATORY INFORMATION****U.S. Federal Regulations****TSCA:**

All ingredients of this product are listed, or are exempt from listing, on the TSCA Inventory.

The following RCRA code(s) applies to this material if it becomes waste: None**Regulatory status of hazardous chemical constituents of this product:**

Constituent	Extremely Hazardous*	Toxic Chemical**	CERCLA RQ (lbs)	TSCA 12B Export Notification
Carbonic Ester	No	No	No	Not required
Crystalline silica	No	No	No	Not required
Bisphenol A diglycidyl ether resin	No	No	No	Not required
Cyclic Ester	No	No	No	Not required

*Consult the appropriate regulations for emergency planning and release reporting requirements for substances on the SARA Section 301 Extremely Hazardous Substances list.

**Substances for which the "Toxic Chemical" column is marked "Yes" are on the SARA Section 313 list of Toxic Chemicals, for which release reporting may be required. Consult the appropriate regulations for specific requirements.

Classification of this material for SARA Section 312 hazardous materials inventory reporting:

Immediate health hazard Delayed health hazard

Canadian regulations**WHMIS hazard class(es):** D2B; D2A

All components of this product are on the Domestic Substances List.

16. OTHER INFORMATION

Hazardous Materials Information System (HMIS) ratings:		
Health	Flammability	Reactivity
2*	1	1

The information and recommendations in this document are based on the best information available to us at the time of preparation, but we make no other warranty, express or implied, as to its correctness or completeness, or as to the results of reliance on this document.